Pre-Op Instructions & Exercises to Enhance Your Recovery

Preparing for your KNEE REPLACEMENT



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WHAT IS TOTAL KNEE REPLACEMENT?

Total knee replacement (TKA) is a surgical procedure referred to as total knee arthroplasty (TKA). Worn, diseased, or damaged surfaces of a knee joint are removed and replaced with artificial components. In this procedure, the joint surfaces of the tibia and the femur are involved. The artificial joint or "prosthesis" generally has two components; one made of metal, which is usually cobalt-chrome or titanium. The other component is a plastic material called polyethylene. The new joint works much like a natural knee. However, until it heals, your new knee will have limited movement and function. You may also have some discomfort. However, having a new knee means you'll no longer experience arthritic pain in that joint, and in time, you can return to activities that you enjoy.

PREPARE AHEAD FOR RECOVERY

The recovery process can be aided by planning ahead by practicing exercises and use of a walker or crutches before surgery and making modifications in your home.

Tips/Recommendations:

- add pillows to low chairs to assist you with standing up, or purchase risers for under legs of chairs
- remove throw rugs, electrical cords, and other obstacles
- store commonly used items within reach, between waist and shoulder level
- use non-slip bathmats on floors
- use an elevated toilet seat or commode*
- sit on a bath bench or shower chair* while you bathe
- use a handheld showerhead for easier bathing
- if bedroom is upstairs, consider sleeping in a "main floor" bed temporarily
- you will be utilizing an assistive device (walker or crutches*) for walking for a period after surgery. You may want to have these ahead of time

*These items may be available for loan at the Senior Center.

They can also be purchased at Healthcare Accessories or online.

Identify a Caretaker:

Make arrangements to have someone transport you safely home after surgery and to stay with you for a few days if possible.

Quit Smoking:

Smoking can prevent/delay bone, tissue, and skin from healing and can make it more difficult for the body to fight off infection. However, research shows that if you quit smoking before surgery, your risk of complications goes down. If you need help quitting smoking - ask about our Smoking Cessation Program.



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Weight Management Prior to Surgery:

Excess weight can increase your risk of infection and other complications. To the extent that you're able, we will encourage you to get in shape before surgery. We do understand that part of the reason you may need knee replacement surgery is due to your physical abilities being limited.

Aim for a reasonable, realistic weight loss goal. Consider achieving this goal through reduced calorie intake in addition to regular physical activity.

Options to Consider:

- controlling portions
- drinking enough water
- eating at regular times throughout the day
- eating slowly
- eating your calories instead of drinking them
- researching how many calories are in what you are eating

POST-OPERATIVE CONCERNS

- bruising/discomfort/swelling: this will likely increase when you get home
 - continue ice and elevation
- some difficulty sleeping
- constipation associated with pain meds
 - communicate needs to physician, consider stool softeners, prune juice, etc.
- the "blahs": poor stamina with rapid fatigue, decreased appetite
 - monitor health
- use ice/cold packs 15-20 min 3-5x/day; elevate leg above heart with pillows
 - if you received a cryo cuff ice cooler, use as instructed on cooler instructions, or by therapist in hospital

PREPARATION FOR YOUR HOSPITAL STAY

- take rubber soled shoes that are easy to take on and off. It is better to have a good fitting slip-on rather than lace up/tie shoes. Take into consideration your foot may be swollen after surgery. Make sure the shoe offers a decent back (heel counter) to support your heel
- take the name and number of your family doctor and pharmacy
- You will receive Physical & Occupational Therapy during your hospital stay. Usually, you will need Physical Therapy after you are discharged from the hospital
 - if choosing to have your therapy at JRMC, we will gladly schedule that appointment before surgery
 - if choosing to have your therapy elsewhere, we suggest you call that organization to schedule an appointment after your surgery



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- your length of stay is determined by your Orthopedist and the treatment team. You will be
 discharged once your goals are met and your treatment team has deemed you safe to
 return home. Your discharge plans will be under constant review and communicated to
 you clearly on an ongoing basis during your stay
- while most people do very well, some patients need to transition to sub-acute care (swing bed or nursing home) before going home. This care MUST be approved by your insurance company in accordance with their guidelines. If this care is not approved, you always have the option to pay privately

YOUR PRE-OPERATIVE EXERCISE PROGRAM

The better prepared you are before surgery, the easier your rehabilitation will be. Preparatory exercises give you strength and skills you will need after surgery and can improve your general fitness and how you feel before surgery. It is important to build muscles in your arms as well as your legs in order to support your weight while using a walker or crutches. For your benefit, make your recovery quicker and more comfortable by performing the following exercises. This program is designed to assist you in regaining your mobility and strength following surgery.

The following exercise program is designed to build strength and ease your recovery. Unless instructed otherwise by your Physical Therapist, try to perform each exercise 5-10 repetitions each once daily. Then increase to a total of 30 repetitions or 3 sets of 10, 1-2 times daily.

Call your Physical Therapist if:

- any exercise causes increased pain or swelling in your knee or any other joint or area of your body
- you are not sure how to safely perform the exercises
- if you have any further related questions or concerns regarding your program

Discontinue any exercise if it causes sharp or increased pain, dizziness, chest pain, shortness of breath, or any unusual symptoms and contact your physician.



Pre-Op Instructions & Exercise to Enhance Your Recovery



Long Sitting Ankle Pumps

REPS: 10-30 | WEEKLY: 7x | DAILY: 2x

Movement

- · Slowly pump your ankles by bending your feet backward and forward.
- · You can do this seated or lying on your back.

Tip

· Try to keep the rest your legs relaxed while you move your ankles.



STEP 1

Supine Quad Set

REPS: 10-30 | HOLD: 5 | WEEKLY: 7x | DAILY: 2x

Setup

- . Begin with your surgical leg straight with your knee resting on a towel roll.
- · You can do this lying on your back (as shown) or sitting up.

Movement

 Gently squeeze your thigh muscles, pushing the back of your knee down into the towel.



STEP 1

Supine Isometric Hamstring Set

REPS: 10-30 | HOLD: 5 | WEEKLY: 7x | DAILY: 2x



- · Begin with surgical leg bent.
- . You can do this lying on your back (as shown) or sitting up.

Movement

 Gently press your heel into the ground. Without moving your leg, contract your muscles as if you were pulling your heel toward your buttock.

Tip

Make sure not to arch your low back during the exercise.



Pre-Op Instructions & Exercise to Enhance Your Recovery

STEP 1

STEP 2



Supine Heel Slide

REPS: 10-30 | WEEKLY: 7x | DAILY: 2x

Setup

- Begin with your legs straight.
- You can do this lying on your back (as shown) or sitting up.

Movement

 Slowly slide one heel toward your buttocks, until you feel a stretch in your surgical knee or upper leg, then slide it back out and repeat.

Tip

 Make sure not to arch your low back or twist your body as you move your leg.

STEP 1





Supine Knee Extension Strengthening

REPS: 10-30 | WEEKLY: 7x | DAILY: 2x

Setup

 Begin lying on your back with your surgical knee resting on a bolster or towel roll.

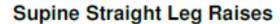
Movement

- Straighten your surgical knee by contracting your thigh muscles, keeping the back of your knee on the ball.
- · Lift and lower your leg slowly.

Tip

Make sure not to arch your back during the exercise.

STEP 1



REPS: 10-30 | WEEKLY: 7x | DAILY: 2x



STEP 2



Setup

 Begin lying on your back on a bed or flat surface with your surgical leg straight and your other leg bent.

Movement

 Pull your toes toward your body, <u>keeping your knee straight</u>, and slowly lift your surgical leg off the bed until it is close to parallel with your other thigh.
 Hold briefly, then lower it back down to the starting position and repeat.

Tip

 Make sure to keep your thigh muscles tight and your knee straight. Do not turn your foot or hip in or out during the exercise.



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Supine Hip Abduction

REPS: 10-30 | WEEKLY: 7x | DAILY: 2x

Setup

· Begin with your legs straight.

Movement

 Move your surgical leg out to the side as far as you can without bending at your side.

Tip

· Make sure to keep your toes pointed up.







Seated Passive Knee Extension

HOLD: 60 | WEEKLY: 7x | DAILY: 2x

Setup

 Begin sitting upright in a chair with another chair or sturdy surface in front of you. You could also roll up a towel and place it under your ankle.

Movement

Slowly place the heel of your foot of your surgical leg on the chair in front
of you so that your leg is as straight as possible and hold this position,
relaxing the knee to let it stretch.

Tip

 Make sure to keep your toes pointing toward the ceiling and keep your leg as relaxed as possible during the stretch.



Seated Active Assistive Knee Extension and Flexion Foot on Floor

REPS: 10-30 | WEEKLY: 7x | DAILY: 2x

Clinician Notes:

You should feel a stretch or pull in the surgical knee or above this on the thigh.

Setup

· Begin sitting upright in a chair or on the edge of a bed.

Movement

 Slide your foot of the surgical leg forward and backward on the floor to bend knee gently.

