

This rehabilitation program is designed to return the individual to their full activities as quickly and safely as possible following a patellar dislocation. Modifications to this guideline may be necessary dependent on physician specific instruction or other procedures performed. This evidence-based patellar dislocation guideline is criterion-based; time frames and visits in each phase will vary depending on many factors. The therapist may modify the program appropriately depending on the individual's goals for activity following a patellar dislocation.

This guideline is intended to provide the treating clinician a frame of reference for rehabilitation. It is not intended to substitute clinical judgment based on exam/treatment findings, individual progress, and/or the presence of concomitant procedures. If the clinician should have questions regarding progression, they should contact the referring physician.

Phase	Suggested Interventions	Goals/Milestones for Progression
Weeks 0-2	 WB status: WBAT with knee immobilizer or patella stabilizing brace Therapy: Nustep or upright bike as tolerated Heel slides, quad sets, straight leg raises, 4 way hip, VMO activation exercises NMES for quad activation Balance/Proprioception starting with double leg stance Modalities for reduction of effusion and pain relief Patellar mobilizations for proper patellar tracking Calf/hip/core strength exercises in unloaded position 	Goals of Phase: 1. Control pain 2. Reduce effusion 3. Improve quadriceps contraction 4. Gradually progress knee ROM
Weeks 2-4	 WB status: FWB, wean from crutches as appropriate Therapy: Closed kinetic chain exercises: Total gym/leg press, partial squats, step ups Single leg balance Anti-gravity treadmill Glute/core strengthening to prevent knee valgus deformity Patellar mobilizations for proper patellar tracking; patellar taping as needed 	Goals of Phase: 1. Return to full knee ROM 2. No quadriceps extension lag 3. Normalized gait pattern with brace



Weeks 4-8	May wean from brace and taping as quadriceps function improves (week 6) Therapy: Elliptical, treadmill Squats, multi-directional lunges, step-ups Single leg isotonic exercises Single leg dynamic balance activities Agility drills and plyometrics	Goals of Phase: 1. No effusion 2. No pain with functional activities 3. Proper form with functional exercises
Weeks 8+	 Therapy: Sport-specific drills Return to running Consider Return to Sport/Activity & Discharge Criteria-Lower Extremity 	Goals of Phase: 1. Full strength with MMT 2. Within 85-90% of opposite LE with Y-balance test or single leg jumping tests and two legged hop test if appropriate